OF THE NAVY. Washington, April 18 .- Commander Kane, of the United States Steamship Galena, has made a re-port to Mr. Whitney under date of April 8. relative to the burning of Aspinwall by the insurgents on March S1, and the part taken by his command for the protection of American citizens and their property. The commander

"About 12:30 p. m. on March 30 it was reported to m shat the American steamer Colon, had a small American flag at the fore union down, and that they were signalling from her that the steamer was being seized by the insurgent troops. I immediately sent a beat to the Colon in charge of Lieutenant Judd, United States Navy, to see what the trouble was. This ship was at the time lying at anchor about three hundred yards from and abreast of the northern wharf of the Island, and the steamer Colon was moored at the Pacific Mail Steamship Com pany's wharf, having arrived that morning from New-

"Lieutenant Judd returned in about half an hour bringing with him the United States Consul Mr. Wright, and informed me that there were arms and ammunition on board the Colon and that Senor P. Prestan, the chief of the insurgent forces here, had demanded the delivery of the arms; that Mr. Connor, the Aspinwall agent of the Pacific Mail Steamship ised not to interfere with the steamer before 3 p. m., when the general agent of the company, Captain Dow. would arrive from Panama, provided the Galena put no erce on board the steamer in the meantime. At 2:45 I Lieutenant Judd, who was accompanied by the United States Consul and Naval Cadet Richardson, to t Captain Dow and direct him not to deliver any arms without my order, and also to communicate with Prestan desired an interview with him. Lieutenant add met Captain Dow at the steamship office at the head of the dock, where were also Prestan and some of his aids. Lieutenent Judd communicated my instruc-tions, and Prestan at once called in some of his guards and arrested Lieutenant Judd, the United States Consul d Captain Dow, and ordered them taken to prison. As the party passed the United States Consulate the Consul speke to his clerk, Mr. Casanova, an American citizen, and the insurgents immediately entered the Consulate and forcibly removed Mr. Casanova and joined him to the party.

"Naval Cadet Richardson was permitted to return to the ship to bring the news of the arrest; he also informed of the threat of Prestan that If the Gaiena attempted to land a force it would be fired upon and if she fired a

that the whole party would be shot.

"The insurgent guards were now assembled on the wharves in force and had thrown up a barricade on the northern pier of the harbor to resist our landing. I sent a demand to Prestan for the immediate release of the le party, but Lieutenant Judd returned on board and whole party, but Latentan state the demand was not delivered. Lieutenant Judd and party were held as prisoners for nearly two hours and only released when the United States Consul had given his consent for the delivery of the arms. This promise exacted under penalty of death for the entire party During the absence of Lieutenant Judd the Galena had eeu dropped down within one hundred yards of the Colon's wharf and every preparation was made for selzing that vessel. After Lieutenant Judd's release I suc ded in getting the United States Consul from the Colon to this ship, but I could not get hold of the two agents of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. I now determined to wait no longer, so ordere all of the armed boats manned, and, under the command of Lieutenant Judd, the Colon was taken possession of, the insurgent troops retiring up the wharf, and taking with them the two steamship agents as prisoners. Th Colon was hauled out into the stream and the Galena dropped in alongside of the wharf. After securing the ship and posting all necessary guards on the wharf, I made a demand on Prestan for the release of the two agents of the Pacific Mull Steamship Company, and reselved a verbal reply that he would answer me in the

"At 7 o'clock the next morning, March 31, I landed the battailou consisting of twelve officers and 114 sailors and marines, with three guns, under the command of Lieut-enant Judd, and made all preparations to release the two ts by force, if my demand was not complied with While these preparations were being made on the wharf, Captain Dow and Mr. Connor appeared and in-formed me that they had ascaped from Prestan's forces. who had taken them from the prison about 3 belock in the morning, and out about three miles on the time of the railroad to a point where the insurgent troops had met the Government forces from Panama, and that ine of the railroad to a point where the insurgent troops had met the Government forces from Pansua, and that after a slight engagement the insurgents retreated toward the town. Having now under my protection all the Americans who had been arrested, and hearing the firing of the Government troops from Pansua, who were driving the insurgent forces before them into their barricade in the town. I ordered Lieutenant Judd, with his force, to leave sufficient men to protect the offices of the Pacific Mail Company, and then to take possession of the United States Consulate and the offices and storehouses of the Pansua Railread Company, and to use his force for the protection of this American property. This was done. The firing between the insurgent and Government troops increased rapidly, and street fighting was kept up for about three hours. All of the insurgent and Government troops increased rapidly, and street fighting was kept up for about three hours. All of the insurgent many other mount of the company which was soon surrounded. About 12:30 p. m. the prison, cituated within the barricade, was fired by the insurgents, and shortly afterward many other points in the city were set on fire, including all the wharves except that of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company which was in my possession. There was a strong crade wind blowing at the time and with neither engines nor water to arrest the flames, the fire apread rapidly, buildings were constantly fired to windward and in a few hours nearly the whole city was destroyed. The firing and fighting in the streets were at once in terrible confusion, being filled with frightened men, women and children running before the flames. All that could be accommedated were given shelter on board this allp and many others sought refuge on the shipping at the whares.

"The fire having reached the Pacific Mail wharf and the Galena being in great danger I slipped in chain and steamed out to a safe anchorage in the harbor. Lieu-

shipping at the wharves.

"The fire having reached the Pacific Mail wharf and the Galean being in great dauger I slipped my chain and steamed out to a safe anchorage in the harbor. Lieutenant Judd and his force were left on shore to save and protect all the property they could. Lieutenant Elliott had been sent with his company to the Panama Railroad Company's property on the Panama Railroad Company's wharf, where he rendered all the assistance he could and then made a detour of the northern part of the town to support Lieutenant Elliott. The combined force, after much hard work, succeeded in checking the spread of the lire in the northern part of the city, and all that portion was saved and taken possession of, and guards and patrols were established to prevent further destruction of property. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's property was saved from incendiarism by the guard of this ship, and with the assistance of its own well-equipped fire department it was protected from the flames of the adjacent wharves. This was the only wharf saved, and a guard was sent from the ship to protect it. The crew of H. B. M. gurvessel Lily rendered great assistance in saving the shipping at the wharves, none of which was destroyed. The fire did not extend to the Panama Canal Company's property at Christoph, Colon. All that has been saved of the town of Aspinvall is due to the protection afforded by this ship and the efficiency and hard work of the officers and men in fighting the fire. The fire has made destitute thousands of people who have lost everything they had.

"I now hold nossession of all American property on the Island that has been saved. The colombian troops.

made destitute thousands of people who have lost everything they had.

"I now hold possession of all American property on the Island that has been saved. The Colombian troops, to the number of about 100 men, are here and their duty consists in holding prisoners. They give but little assistance in cuarding the tewn. The complications of the afternoon of March 30 could have been avoided had I been informed in time regarding the arms on the Colon. Everything had been quiet since the 14th uit, the date of my last dispatch to the Department, negotiations for peace were being considered, and it was believed that the Government forces at Panama were too weak to attack this place. The town has quieted down, thousands of people have left for Jamaica and Panama and other points on the railroad. There is no government forces now. The small body of Colombian Government troops occupy a few of the old hou e that have been saved and are being fed by the Panama Railroad Company, and this ship and their prisoners have been removed to a steamer at anchor in the harbor and are well guarded. The Panama railroad is getting its road in order and occasionally trains are dispatched over the line. The Alliance has just arrived and will land her force in the morning. The steamer Colon leaves to-night with passengers and mail for Now-York. I have declined to allow the Colon to land the arms and ammunition brought as freight from New-York for Aspirwaliand Panama. The officers and men of my command on shore are all well except Lieutenant Judd, who has been condemned by medical survey, and goes home in the Colon."

Commodore Walker, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation to-day received the following telegram from Commander McCalla at Panama: "The force from the Allantic station was relieved yesterday. I have just passed over the lines of the railroad. The political condition of the Isthmus is chaotic. If the transit is to be kept open a about stay must not be contemplated. The entire naval force now at Aspinwall and Panama should remain for the

PEARING THE DESTRUCTION OF PANAMA. WASHINGTON, April 18 .- Private telegrams received here to-day say that the people of Panama are prehensive of the destruction of that city by the cls. Sefior Becerra, the Colombian Minister, says ops have been sent from Cauca to aid in pro. ceting lives and property at Panama. Sefior Becerra has received no advices whatever concerning the re-ported drowning of 100 rebels by the Government troops, and he expresses the opinion that the story is absurd on its face.

DEOWNING OF PROPERSOR GASKELL. offessor George A. Gaskell, principal of Il's Business College, Nos. 28 and 25 Newark-ave., City, was found drowned yesterday in Mill Creek, on Eighth and Ninth sts. The water is very shaltow at that point and it is supposed that Mr. Gaskell stumbled and, falling on his face, was smothered. He lived at No. 234 Fourth-st. He left the house on Friday might after supper and it is supposed that he missed his

way and in wandering over the meadows fell into the creek. His body was discovered by two boys. His watch, chain and money were in his peckets, so that there is no suspicion that he was the victim of violence. The body was taken to the Morgue, but after identification was taken home by his friends. Professor Gaskell was noted as a fine penman and business instructor, and his business college has been successful.

TURNED OUT OF HIS ROOM.

A JAPANESE OBJECTED TO BY A BROOKLYN HOUSE

HOLDER. O. H. Fang is a Japanese, and a respectable and well-educated Japanese, too. He has received what he considers extremely hard treatment from Thomas Edwards, jr., of Brooklyn, and seeks re-dress in a letter addressed "To the Citizens of America" and forwarded to THE TRIBUNE for publication. In this letter he expresses his opinion, fortified by many Scriptural quotations and references to Webster's Unabridged, that Thomas Edwards is "by nature a child of wrath." "Indeed, he is no better than you find in the wigwams of the native Indians, or the depths of African forests, or Indians, or the depuis of the sea." After a good deal of this style of eloquence Faug comes to the following conclusion: "But let us not rail at him. He is all right in his place. He gives the variety, the life, the manu

We ought never to blame him for being a fool." The cause of Fang's anger was related to a TR The cause of Fang's anger was related to a Trinung reporter by Mrs. Robert Gale, of No. 235 Willoughby-st., Brooklya. Mrs. Gale rents the lower part of the house bearing this number from Thomas Edwards, jr., whose father is the proprietor. He had a spare room and concluded to subtlet it to some quiet single man. Late last Thursday night O. H. Fang came with some members of the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association to look at the room. Mr. Gale showed it to him and as Fang had excellent reterences and scemed to be a highly respectable person, the bargain was concluded on the spot. Fang took the room at \$2 25 a week and paid fifty cents in advance. When Mr. Gale went to Fang's room a few minutes later to arrange the bed and dressing-table, he noticed the spotless was a great deal better dressed than himself. On Friday morning Fang left the house early, intending to bring back his valise and the balance due on his rent in the atternoon. But as Mrs. Gale was on her way to arrange his room, she was met by Mrs. Furdy, another occupant of the house and a sister of Thomas Edwards, jr. Mrs. Purdy denounced the new lodger as a "heathen Chinee" and refused to live under the same roof with him. Later in the day Thomas Edwards, jr., sent a note to Mrs. Gale throuning her that he was willing that she should rent her roem to any Chinese lodger sleeping in that house, as he knew that they were a dirty set of people. Accordingly, when the unsuspecting Fang appeared with his value and his money the letter was shown to him. Mrs. Gale says: "Why, he trembled all over, and I really felt sorry for him. He said he was educated and I really felt sorry for him. He said he was calucated and I really felt sorry for him. He said he was calucated and I really felt sorry for him. He said he was calucated and could speak four languages, and hadn't a drop of Chinese blood in his body. Anybody could see by talking to him that he was a real gentlemen, and as for clean—why he was just as clean as could be." But he had to go, and Mrs. Gale e UNE reporter by Mrs. Robert Gale, of No. 235 Wilmen so meanly.

Thomas Edwards, jr., had no other explanation that that he doesn't want Chinese in any house of his. If thinks they are good enough in their place, but that they are a disprace to any respectable house. He suppose that O. H. Fang was a Chinaman.

CONTROLLER LOEW ON TAXATION.

HIS LETTER TO STATE CONTROLLER CHAPIN.

Controller Loew has addressed to State Controller Chapin a letter on the subject of taxation of foreign corporations. It is called forth by a published interview with Controller Loew on the bill now before the Legislature amending the law for taxing corpora tions. After reciting the various kinds of taxation

tions. After reciting the various kinds of taxation imposed on domestic companies, Controller Low says:

Upon the subject of the general principles of your bill, as well as the laws now in force, it seems to me that the principles of healthful competition demand that all competitors, foreign and domestic, should be treated alike, but that if one of these classes is to be preferred and favored in taxation it should be the domestic and not the foreign competitor. Your bill and the existing law recognize the contrary principle. But if it is the better political economy to discriminate in favor of the foreign competitor there is a principle as yet ignored, which it seems to me deserves careful consideration, and which is based on the distinction between a foreign competition that is local and one that is general throughout the state. For example: Railroads and other carriers and transporters out fixed routes excite only a local

A short-lived attempt to correct part of this discrimination against home companies was made in Section 8. Chapter 542. Laws of 1880, which excupled them from all taxation except on premiums and divid ads. The act of 1881 quickly set aside this exemption. It seems to me that the just measure of taxation of these companies, foreign and domestic, is a uniform tax on their gross premium receipts to be assessed in the City of New-York if any business is done there by the company taxed.

PECULIARITIES OF A CONNECTICUT MAN. John H. Tingue, the plush manufacturer, of Seymour, Conn., who was buried last week, was a promi-nent advocate of Mr. Blaine for the Presidency. He was knows all over Connecticut as a man of liberality. About three months ago while attempting to beard a moving train in Bridgeport, he fell upon the platform and seriously injured one of his knees, and had but lately recovered the use of it. He was the man for whom so many button collectors worked a couple of years ago, he having offered \$50 to a niece for a string of 1.260 shank buttons, no two alike. Some paper printed the circumstances and stated that Mr Tingue would pay \$50 each for such collections. Tous began to pour in from all quarters, and after disbursing more than \$1.000 the rich manufacturer announced that he would buy no more buttons. A three-masted schooner bearing Mr. Tingue's name was launched at Fair Haven last fail, and he spent several thousand dollars in entertaining his friends. Recently he bought oranges by the barrel and distributed them to Birmingham children. He had made a contract with a builder to creet at Burne's Point, in the town of Milferd, the finest bathing house on the New-England coast. While superintending its construction he exposed himself to damp weather and took a cold which developed into pneumonis. Mr. Tingue was about fifty years of age. A father and two slaters receive his estate of \$1,000,000. The name of Tingue is Jassociated with many organizations, among them being the Tingue Brass Band, the Tuigue Opera House, in Seymour, the Tingue Drum Corps, of Ansonia, the Tingue Kink and Opera House, Birmingham, the Tingue College at Burne's Point, and the schooner John H. Tingue. many button collectors worked a couple of years ago, he

TWO COMPANIES CONSOLIDATED.

The consolidation of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad and the Oswego Railroad Bridge Companies was approved by a unautmous vote at a special meeting of the stockholders of both companies vesterday. President Parsons said that a new company had been formed under the old corporate name of the Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Raticoad, without an increase in the capital stock. The former officers were increase in the capital stock. The former onners were made the officers of the new company. Mr. Parsens said that he could not give the exact terms of the consolidation. Vice-President Day said that the action was entirely formal, and that he did not know that new articles of incorporation had been taken out. The bridge was built by an independent company controlled by the railroad company, and the consolidation was intended simply to make the ownership, a legal fact.

HOMING PIGEON FLIGHTS.

One hundred and twenty-six homing pigeons owned in this city and Brooklyn have been sent to Bunting Hawkins, Bordentown, N. J., to be liberated at 9 o'clock this morning. Of the lot 114 are entered by o'clock this morning. Of the lot 114 are entered or members of the Hudson Club in the iseries of races the first of which is to be flown a week from to-day. These are owned by H. Rover, T. F. Read, J. G. Optiz and T. F. Liddle, each 8; T. F. Goldman, 14; S. H. Straub, 5; John Ballard, 6; J. Iversen, 10; M. D. Maguire, 20; all of Brooklyn; J. R. Husson, New-York, 27. Those to be sent through the season for Federation record only are owned by G. K. Bradskaw, Brooklyn, 11; F. H. Platt, etty, one.

THREATENING TO LYNCH A CART DRIVER. Theodore Boyce, age two, was killed by a seavenger cart at the Bowery and Market-st., Newark, yesterday. The child was crossing the street when the yesterday. The cald was crossed beneath the wheels. A crowd immediately gathered and threatened to lynch the driver, John Bilz, who took refuge in a blacksmith shop until a policeman arrested him. He was held at Police Headquarters for examination.

YOU MURDERED MP HUSBAND YOU VILLAIN! A coroner's jury yesterday returned a verdict against Michael Hayde, who felled Richard Williams to the sidewalk by a blow, fracturing his skull and causing his death a fortnight ago. Walle Coroner Messemer was charging the jury, the wife of the dead man approached Hayde, and snaking her clenched hands in his face, said:
"You murdered my husband, you villain! Oh, my God, take me away; I'll kill hlm, the villain." She was removed from the room still shricking.

TRILING HOW THE GERMANIC WAS DISABLED A number of the passengers of the disabled steamship Germanic arrived in this city yesterday by the City of Berlin. The Germanic was disabled on Sun-day, April 5, and was obliged to put back to Queenstown for repairs. The majority of her passengers are on the Adriatic, which will arrive this week. The storm which disabled the Germanie lasted for more than three hours. The first heavy wave coarried away one of the boats and the next the remaining six on both sides of the ship. A sailor was swept away at the same time and the wheel-house from love.

was washed down, the captain who was in it narrowly oscaping. The millings were swept away and a hole was knocked into the indics' reading-room and in one of the smokestacks. The cabin was full of passengers and many of them were bruised by the pitching of the vessel. Many of the sailers were so hadly injured as to disable them for immediate work, and the captain decided that it was best not to risk the chances of the trip in this condition.

VETERAN AND ACTIVE SOLDIERS.

DRILLS AND FESTIVITIES OF THE NATIONAL GUARD -ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATIONS.

Captain William C. Casey, of Company I, 7th Infantry, commends fifty-six members of his command for being present at every drill during the past season. Of the rest of the company nine have been absent but once. This is believed to be a record unparalleled in the National Guard. The company is in a fine state of drill and discipline, has a full treasury and the best of feeling prevails among its members. According to the quarterly returns of the 7th Infantry its present strength is as follows: Field, staff and non-commissioned officers, 21; Companies A, B, F, G, H, and I each 103; C, 96; D, 83; E, 74, and K, 94. The veterans of the 7th Intentry will hold their annual election of officers next Monday night. Drills for street riot duty will be given to the 7th Infantry two

Next Wednesday the commissioned officers of the 12th Infantry will assemble at the armory for instructions. The regiment will parade for drill in street riot tactics next Friday evening. The following promotions and appointments in the 12th Infantry are announced: Assistant Surgeon, Nelson H. Henry, to be surgeon, with rank from January 23, 1885, in place of Curtia, resigned; Dr. Charles L. Lindle, to be assistant surgeon, with rank from January 23, 1885, in place of Henry, promoted; J. Amory Haskell, to be second licutenant of Company A, with rank from December 8, 1884, in place of Faber; Samuel Parsons to be second licutenant of Company H, with rank from January 6, 1885, in place of Curtis.

The National Guard Reserve bill is opposed by the Board of Officers of the 22d Infantry. In this command the following changes have taken place: Captain D. H. Priest, Company H, has resigned, Private J. E. Paget, of Company C, 71st Infantry, has been transferred to this command. Colonel Porter proposes to take a trip to Europe when his health is better. On May 4 the proneuade concert of the 22d Infantry will take place. 12th Infantry will assemble at the armory for instruc.

May 4 the processed contects the place take place.

A battalion drill of the 11th Infantry will take place at the armory next Thursday evening. To-morrow night is the appointed time for electing a Major for this regiment, underly extent appears and reception of

The annual musical entertainment and reception of Company C, of the 69th Infantry, took place at Turn Hail, No. 66 Esat Fourth st., inst Wednesday evening. Licutensats John Murphy and John O'Connell, Sergeant F. J. Stuart and Privates Charles L. Kelly, T. Reilly, William Thompson and J. H. Maguire had charge of the arrangements, and everything passed off pleasantly.

charge of the arrangements, and everything passed of pleasantly.

Warrants have been granted to the following non-commissioned officers of the 12th Infantry: Sergeant William H. Jones, Company F; Corporals George F. Erfort, Company B; Michael Mahony, Company E; John J, Wunnenberg and John J, Crowley, Company F; Heary Wagner and Martin Couch, Currany I.

The closing drill and reception for the season of Company I, 71st Infantry, will be given at the armory to-morrow night. The annual reception of Company H, of this regiment, will take place at Lyric Hall, on Thursday evening.

day evening.

A battation drill and review of the 13th Infantry will take place next Thursday, General Christensen will be the reviewing officer. On the evening of May 9 a reception will be given by the cadet company.
Captain William II. Langley, of Company I, 23d Infantry, has resigned. The regiment is looking around for a Major. The coming reception of the Lawn Tennis Club of this regiment at the armory next Thursday evening, premises to be a brilliant affair. A series of exhibition games will be played and a concert and dancing will follow.

A competitive drill of the 2d Battery, under the direction of Lieutonants D. Wilson, W. Henderson, G. E. Pasco and First Sergeant J. J. Alexander, will take place on April 28. Among the prizes to be given is a gold medal presented by Captain John White to the winning four-gun detachment, Corporal N. F. Wittschen, at his own request, has resumed a private's station and Charles N, Helfrich has been transferred to the 1st Battery.

The commandants of all organizations of the National Guard armed with rifles are directed to forward their rosters to General Charles F. Robbins, General Inspector of Rifle Practice, No. 2 Coenties Slip, On these rosters the records of rifle practice during the coming season will be based.

The Old Gnard will celebrate its anniversary next Wednesday. Lane will be iorned at 1:45 p. m., and the officers will be installed. At 2:30 the command

he 2d Company.

To-morrow evening the Hawkins Zonaves Association

HIS SON'S COUNSEL SAILS FOR EUROPE. The fact that Thomas Barbour, of Paterson,

who died in Ireland in January, left two wills has already Earbour. The widow was to receive \$5,000 a year Barbour. The widow was to receive \$5,000 a year in lieu of dower. Mr. Barbour left Paterson in March, 1883, for Ireland, and subsequently made another will, which, it is understood, gives a considerable portion of his property to his sisters in Paterson a caveat was filed in behalf of William Bar bour against any will that might thereafter be offered. William Barbour sailed for Ireland two days after his father's death and has remained abroad since. His counsel is Garrett A. Hobart, who sailed for Europe

The company of Barbour Brothers, of which Thomas Barbour was president, has linen thread factories at Lisburn, Ireland, and at Paterson, William Barbour is secretary of the company. The New-York office is at No. 134 Church-st., where the manager, William Thompson, was

of the company. The New-York office is at No. 134
Church-st., where the manager, William Thompson, was asked by a Thibune reporter yesterday about a story that the will made in Ireland would make a difference of a million and a half to William Earbour. "That is absurd," he said. "Thomas Earbour was not worth a million and a half all told. He might have been a very rich ma n if he had cared to devote his attention in his later years to the accumulation of wealth. He seemed, however, to care more about scattering it. He was not nearly so wealthy as his brothera."

"Has a Paterson attorney gone abroad in the matter?"

"The attorney referred to is a director of the company of Barbour Erothers. He may have gone abroad because the business required it. I am authorized to act and speak here only as to the business of the company."

At William Barbour's home in the Grenoble, No. 200 West Pitty-seventh-st., it was said that Mrs. William Barbour had received a cable dispatch from her husband two days ago, and had sailed on the Servia with Mr. Hobart and her infant child.

Thomas Earbour was variously reputed at his death to be worth \$5,000,000 to \$10,000,000. His history was an eventful one. He was the son of William Barbour, whose father, John, introduced lines thread manufacture from Paisley, Sectiand, isto Lisburn, freland, where in the pext hundred years was developed the largest lines thread manufactury in the world. Thomas Barbour was born near Lisburn and came to this country in 1849, as a commission accent for the high tariff induced the firm in 1864 to build mills at Paterson, for the supply of their American trade. The company new has tirce large nails there, employs 1,500 to 1,500 hands and manufacture three-fourths of all the lines thread of trade, the Ramily to come here. The high tariff induced the Rrm in 1864 to build mills at Paterson, for the supply of their American trade. The company new has tirce large nails there, employs 1,500 to 1,500 hands and manufacture three-fourths of all the lines thread prod

THE CASE OF LIEUTENANT JUDD

Lieutenant Charles H. Judd, of the United States Navy, who arrived here on Friday from the Isthmus, on the steamer Colon, having been sent home on account of his supposed insent home on account of his supposed insanity, was examined yesterday by the medical officers of the Navai Hespital. His trouble is regarded as slight and temporary. His mind is simply in an excited and inflamed condition. The experience he suffered while a prisoner of the rebel chefrain, Prestan, disordered his intellect. The stories he tells of the terrible scenes of ruthless outrage and bloodshed practised before his eyes, while every moment he expected his own head to be struck off, are enough to disorder any but a cast-iron intellect. While held no insane delusions, his mind is ever dwelling upon the frightful incidents. Dr. Dean, of the Hespital staff says that the isembranes of his brain are inflamed, but there is no reason why rest and careful nursing cannot make him all right again in a few weeks. His wife and family live in Blughamton. He will be detained for treatment in the hospital.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE FOR LOVE. PHILADELPHIA, April 18 (Special) .- Richard Livingstone, age thirty-one, of No. 306 Vine-st, tried to commit suicide this morning by cutting his throat. It is expected that he will recover. He was insane, it is said,

MAKING PLACES FOR NEW MEN. MORE CHANGES IN THE DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR SERVICE.

IBY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE. 1 WASHINGTON, April 18 .- The President to day made the following appointments in the Diplomatic

To be Ministers Resident and Consuls William D. Bloxham, of Florida to Butter

To be Ministers Resident and Consuls General-William D. Bioxham, of Florida, to Bolivia; Baylass W. Hanna, of Indiana, to Persia; Walker Fearn, of Louis-iana, to Reamania, Servia and Greece.

To be Consuls of the United States—James Murray, of New-York at St. John, New-Brunswick; Boyd Winches-ter, of Kentucky, at Nice, France; Charles P. Kimbal, Illinois, at Stuttgart, Germany.

Governor Bloxham succeeds Richard Gibbs, who was

appointed two years ago by Mr. Arthur. In 1880, Mr. Bloxham was elected Governor of Florida, from which office he retired at the beginning of the present year.

Bayliss W. Hanna has been a standing candidate for diplomatic appointment ever since last November and is now gratified by an assignment to a fourth class mission, whereas, six weeks ago, he would have rejected with disdain anything less than a second class appointment. He is to succeed S. G. W. Benjamin, who was appointed in February, 1883. Mr. Hanna owes his good fortune to the efforts of Senator Voor-

It is understoo i that the appointmet of Walker Fearn to Roumania, Servia and Greece was procured by Senator Gibson, who was a warm advocate of Mr. Bayard's nomination at Chicago and exerted his influence without sucess to turn the Louisiana delegation from Cleveland to the Delaware Senator.

Joseph Murray is to succeed Mr. Warner, who

Johnson in 1866, Mr. Murray lives in New-York City and is said to be a warm and intimate personal friend of John Kelly.

Boyd Winchester, of Kentucky, who succeeds Mr. Wilson, the Consul at Nice, has not been regarded as a prominent candidate for a consular office, but he is a native of Kentucky and better known there than Mr. Buck, who, to the surprise of Senator Reck, was selected for an important South American mission. He is understood to be a Bayard man.

The appointment of Charles P. Kimball, of Illinois, to succeed Mr. Einstein, the Cobsel at Etutigart, who was appointed only eight months ago, is attributed to the persuasive efforts of Congressman Springer, who, now that the "compact" entered into by the Illinois Democratic Congressmen, in March, has been virtually abrogated, seems inclined to take time by the forelock and get what he can before the grand scramble is renewed upon the arrival of Colonel Morrison, who is expected to reach Washington to-morrow.

There are at least lifty Democratic patriots in Washing-Washington to morrow.

There are at least fifty Democratic patriots in Washing

he filled by a wear-opulent Democrats of New-York, New-England and the west enter into the contest with spirit. Secretary Bayard adheres to his desire to secure the services of men who have seen diplomatic service under a former Democratic alministration. This preference does not afford encouragement to the younger element of the

THE ADMINISTRATION NOT LIKELY TO INTERPERE-A SPRINGFIELD CONFERENCE.

Washington, April 18 (Special) .- Most of the Illinois Democratic politicians in Washington have come to the conclusion that the efforts to elect Colonel Morrison to the United States Senate are hopeless, and they are awaiting his arrival with considerable interest they are awaiting as a some of them think that he will bear his own ultimatum to the Administration, and that it will be "Morrison or no Democratic Senator from Hillinois." Others believe that his purpose is to effect an arrangement with General Black. A prominent Illinois politician to-day said: "I do not see how the Administration could help Morrison, even if it should be willing tration could help Morrison, even if it should be willing to try. It has its hands full enough now, I should say, without going into the business of booming. Senatorial candidates. If Morrison expects to secure promises of Federal appointments in return for votes for himself I think he will be disappointed."

One object of Colonel Morrison's visit is said by one of his friends to be to secure the appointment of one of his friends to succeed United States Marshal Jones, whose term will expire in about three weeks. There are about a dozen applicants for the office and the contest bids fair to be a lively one.

Information has been received that at a conference at Springfield the Hilmols Congressional delegation decided to milify an agreement concerning the State pated

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 18 .- In the joint assembly, l-call. Mr. Morrison received ten votes our, and the remainder were scattering

PROFESSOR BAIRD NOT TO RESIGN.

WASHINGTON, April 18 (Special).-The friends of Professor Baird, of the Smithsonian Institution and the United States Fish Commission, were greatly surprised, this morning, by the publication of a statement the effect that he had decided to resign both offices, and had decided to accept a professorship in Yale Col that the statement was incorrect, and that he has no present intention of leaving his present important position. "I have not been offered a professor's chair at Yule," he said, "nor would I accept one if it were offered. I would not accept the presidency of the college." lege. Professor Baird's friends will be glad to learn

ARMY AND NAVY INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, April 18.-The Naval Adisory Board has requested the Secretary of the Navy to appoint a Court of Inquiry to investigate its action in regard to the recommendation for the acceptance of the Dolphin. The request was made on the ground that the refusal of the Secretary to accept the vessel placed the Roard in a bad light before the public. Mr. Whitney declined to comply with the request unless something hould be discovered in the affairs of the Board which would make an investigation necessary.

Leave of absence for six months on surgeon's certifi-

cate of disability, with permission to leave the division of the Missouri, has been granted to Captain Thomas sharp, 17th Infantry. The following named officers have been ordered to report in person on July 15 to the commanding officer of the School of Application for Infantry and Cavality, at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, for duty at the school: Major Abraham K. Arnold, 6th Cavality, and Major George B. Sanford, 1st Cavality. The leave of absence on surgeon's certificate of disability granted Lieutemant Thomas A. McParlin, Assistant Medical Purveyor, United States Army, in special orders December 24, has been extended three months on surgeon's certificate of disability. Leave of absence for fifteen days has been granted First Lieutenant John L. Buills, Twenty-fourth Infantry, in excusion of the leave of absence, on surgeon's certificate of disability granted him in special orders December 9.

Lieutenant-Colonel John Blendenhall, Fourth Artillery, now at Fort Warren, has been ordered to take station at Fort Trambull, Conn., July 10. Major Livingston, Fourth Artillery, has been ordered to Fort Warren when relieved from duty at Fort Monroe. Capitain Thomas Sharp, Seventeenth Infantry, has been granted leave of absence for six months.

Livingston, To BE Collector AT NEW-ORLEANS. Sharp, 17th Infantry. The following named officers

JONAS TO BE COLLECTOR AT NEW-ORLEANS. WASHINGTON, April 18 (Special) .- It is asserted positively that the appointment of ex-Senator Jonas na Collector at New-Orleans has been decided upon. His friends are greatly annoyed on account of the delay, which some of them plainly assert is due to the efforts of certain Democratic politicians in Louisians to exact from Jonas a pledge that he will not use the patronage of the Custom House to help him in the candidacy for the United States Senate next year, and his refusal to make any such promise.

WASHINGTON NOTES. WASHINGTON, Saturday, April 18, 1885.

COLLECTIONS FOR THE STATUE OF LIBERTY.-Messrs. Bayard, Whitney and Endicott have given their consent to the taking up of subscriptions for the Bartholdi Statue among the employes of the State, Navy and War partments. BUSTS FOR ARMY HEADQUARTERS.—Lieutenant-General

Sheridan intends to place heroto busts of the General who have commanded the Army, in the Army Head-quarters at the War Department. Busts of the Lieuten-ant-General and General Grant have been ordered. One of General Sherman will be ordered. BOUGHT APPIDAVITS FOR PENSION BILLS.-In a ca

where a witness wrote a claimant saying that he would make an affidavit making the claimant's case as strong as possible, on condition that the latter would pay him \$10, the facts having come to the attention of the Commissioner of Pensions he has ordered that the testimony of this particular witness shall not be accepted as credible, when unsupported by other testimony either in this or other claims. THE PRESIDENT INVITED TO ATLANTA.-General Gor

THE PRESIDENT INVITED TO ATLANTA.—General Gor-don, of Georgia, accompanied by the Secretary of the Interior, called upon the President to-day to arrange for the reception of a committee which bears the formal in-vitation to him to visit the National Commercial Con-vention to be held in Atlanta next month. The Presi-dent showed great interest in the coming convention. The Georgians express great confidence that Mr. Cleve-

NATIONAL CAPITAL TOPICS. and will visit the convention and that several members of his Cabinet will accompany him.

HOME NEWS.

NEW-YORK CITY.

Arrests last week, 1,384; deaths, 696; births

Mayor Grace went to Washington on Friday evening. He will return on Tuesday.

Ten buildings were reperted by examiners of the Buildings Bureau as unsafe yesterday.

Castle Garden was crowded with immigrants yesterday, over 5,000 being landed during the day.

Lee, on May 5.

The Rev. Patrick F. Dealy, S. J., president of St. John's College, at Fordham, has been quite ill for several days.

The Central Park observations show that the wind travelled 1,278 miles last week. The rainfall was only .02 inch.

Contests at the Knickerbocker Roller Skating Rink, in the American Institute Hall, will take place this week on Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings.

wronings.

Mrs. Julia McCarthy, swallowed a quantity of Paris green at No. 193 Elizabeth-st. yesterday, but her stomach rejected much of the poison. She was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital.

William H. Riker, the druggist of Sixth-ave,, has been pronounced out of danger. He with his family started yesterday for the South, where he will remain until convalescent.

main until convalescent.

The case against Archibald Montgomery and Alpheus Geer, who quarrelled in the Produce Exchange on Thursday, has been withdrawn, the difficulty being amicably adjusted.

MR. CAMMEYER ABLE TO ATTEND TO BUSINESS.

The injuries received by A. J. Cammeyer, who was knocked down by an express wagon on Friday afternoon, are not so serious as at first supposed. Though badly bruised, he was able to attend to

A LECTURE FOR THE PEDESTAL FUND.

Colonel J. Armoy Knox, of Texas Siftings, will
lecture at Steinway Hall on Monday, May 4, in aid
of the Bartholdi Pedestal Fund. The lecture will
be humorons, and Professor Bradford Williams
will give his impersonations of actors, orators and
public speakers.

The management of the Eden Muses have provided an unusual attraction for this week, having engaged Mile. Etta, who has acquired a reputation as an exponent of the science of Mnemonics. Her feat called "Seeing Without Eyes" is specially noteworthy.

feat called "Seeing Without Eyes" is specially noteworthy.

DR. DE COSTA ON GORDON.

The annual discourse before the Anglo-American Free Church of St. George the Martyr will be delivered this morning at the Church of St. John the Evangelist, No. 220 West Eleventh-st., by the Rev. Dr. B. F. De Costa. Subject, "Chivalry the Demand of the Age, Illustrated in the Career of General Gordon."

RUBRIGHT CONVICTED OF MANSIAUGHTER,
The jury in the case of John W. Rubright, the
canal-boat captain who killed Michael Doggan,
brought in a verdict of manslaughter in the second
degree in the Court of Oyer and Terminer. Justice
Van Brunt will sentence Rubright to-morrow.

Van Brunt will sentence Knoright to-morrow.

CAPTAIN PHELAN TO PROSECUTE SHORT.

The District-Attorney received a letter yesterday from Captain Michael Phetan who was assaulted by Richard Short, saying: "I cannot be in New-York until the morning of the 25th. Will that do I in not it will have to go over until fail term. I am anxious it should be tried." Mr. Martine will reply to-morrow and hopes to be able to place the case of Short on the caiendar for next week.

Edward J. Henley, the English actor, arrested on the complaint of John L. Stroub that he was indebted to the latter's brother-in-law, Pony Moore, the English minstrel, for a loan of \$700, and that he was arranging to depart for Europe with intent to defraud his creditors, was discharged vesterday by Judge Hawes in the City Court. The Judge held that the papers did not show any intent to defrand.

Fraud.

OVERCOME BY GAS.

Ernest Straab, a manufacturing jeweller at No. 43 Maiden-lane, was removing his gas fixtures and pipes yesterday preparatory to moving. He had neglected to turn off the flow of gas from the meter, and while mounted on a ladder was overcome and fell senseless to the floor. An ambulance was summoned from the Chambers Street Hospital, but on its arrival the man had started for his home, No. 619 Palisade-ave., Jersey City Heights.

Joseph Russo, an Italian, was fined \$25 yester-day, for keeping a bag of putrid bones in the yard of his house in Fleet's Alley.

Screens have been ordered for use around the beds of dying patients in the Flatbush Hospital, where heretofore death scenes have been witnessed by ail

the annates.

Health Commissioner Raymond's quarterly report shows that for the past three menths, ending March 31, there were 3,512 deaths, 2,923 births and 924 marriages. The deaths average 21,10 per thousand.

Mayor Low has determined to veto the Aldermen's resolutions granting the Brooklyn Elevated Rail-way Company permission to connect with Fulton Ferry by means of the loop route.

Justice Cullen yesterday granted an application of the Staten Island Rapid Transit Company to acquire certain lands for railroad purposes on the island. The lands condemned belong to John H.

DR. HALL'S CHINESE SUNDAY-SCHOOL

all Nations, the ladies of Dr. Hali's Church have

organized a Chinese Sunday-school, and any one who

steps into the chapel on a Sunday evening, between 8

and 9 o'clock, will see from fifty to a hundred moon-

and 9 o'clock, will see from fifty to a hundred moon-faced Celestials, in all varieties of barbarie toggery, and with countenances expressing all degrees of receptivity and stupidity, listening to their women teachers. The speciacle of a vivacious young lady, here eyes sparkling with excitement, and her face wreathed in its sweetest smile, explaining to a steid laundry-man the complicated motives which induced the whale to swallow Jonah, is a common one. Some of the scholars can read, and they stamble along while the teacher expands, line upon line and precept upon precept, the verses as they are read. With most of them, however, kindergarten methods have to be used, and slates are distributed for this purpose. Others still merely come to look on, and will not at first permit themselves to be taught, but they gradually yield to the blandishments of the superintendent and allow themselves to be led away to some class.

THE SCREEN IN SE CHURCH OF ST. IGNATIUS,

signed by Kivas Tully, the St. Louis architect, and was executed by Mr. Geissler of this city. The main beam is seventeen feet from the floor, and extends the whole width of the building, about forty-six feet. A large open arch spans the middle aisle, and on either side of its massive pillars seven smaller arches reach to either side of the church. The whole screen is panelled to a height of three feet mine inches from the floor. Over this alender columns carry the tracery, which is directly under the rood beam. This tracersy is in the purest style of perpendicular work and is rich in detail. The beam is unbroken except where in its coatre rises the massive read or cross, from which the screen gets its name. This cross is of old English oak. The figure of Christ is a fine piece of wood carving done by one of Mr. Geissler's German carvers. It is life size, and the cross on which it has is eleven feet in height. A marble altar of hoble proportions will be erected during the coming summer.

CONTACIOUS DISEASES DECREASING. A decrease in the provalence of contagious

tisenses in this city is shown by the fellowing record for

two weeks, furnished at the Sanitary Bureau yesterday:

Typhold fever 3 Cases. Deaths. Cases. Deaths.

Typhold fever 3 75 12 76 12

Meadon 185 22 178 21

Diphtheria. 03 31 51 22

Total. 226 65 311 58

MONEY FOR THE IRISH NATIONAL LEAGUE. The Municipal Council of the Irish National

League, of Brooklyn, held a meeting last night at Jeffer

League, of Brooklyn, held a meeting last night at Jeffer son Hall, John Rooney presiding. It was announced that an important meeting of the League would be held at Smithsonian Hall, Greenpoint, next Monday night, in the interest of the League. The Rev. Father O'Hare, of St. Anthony's Reman Catholic Church, will preside, and addresses will be delivered by Mr. Rooney, Thomas F. Grady and others. The League is making preparations for a picule at one of the parks this summer, but the details are not yet settled. The drawing for a grand piane, to raise funds for the League, will take place on May 2. There are eight active branches of the League in Brooklyn, representing several thousand members.

A new rood screen has been put up in the Church of St. Ignatius in West Fortieth-st. It was de

signed by Kivas Tully, the St. Louis architect, and was

In obedichee to the command to preach the Gospei to

A test of life-line projectiles will be m ire Commissioners at the Palisades,

evenings.

business yesterday.

MAXWELL DIDN'T WANT A TRAY IN HIS TRUNK. Sr. Louis, April 18.—At the coroner's inquest in the Preller case to-day Charles Beiger, of No. 16 South Broadway, being showed a picture of Maxwell, testified: "I recognize the face, but would know him better by his speech. I first saw him on April 6. He brought two trunks to my store. He wore a full, short light beard and mustache. I asked his name so that I could deliver the valise he bought, but he carried it with him. He wore a new slouch hat. On Tuesday I was called to the hotel to open a trunk. I noticed blood where the trunk lay. I could not untie the rope as it had been scaled in different places. Some one shouted 'out the rope.' I cut it and when I lifted the lid, the dead man's leg fell outward over the edge of the trunk. When the man bought the trunk he said that he wapted no tray with it."

Mr. Schlesinger reasserted to a Tribune reporter yesterday his belief that Prelier was his cousin and showed in proof a telegram from a friend who had identified the body. Still there is a degree of uncertainty and the only way in which this can be removed is by the records of dentistry. A dentist said: "It is practically impossible that two men sheuld exactly reasonable each other in regard to the condition of their teeth, and if the authorities will simply preserve the skull of the murdered man and submit it to the examination of Mr. Prelier's dentist, the latter can tell immediately whether it is that of his former patient."

IMPORTATION OF FOREIGN GLASS BLOWERS. PITTSBURG, April 18 (Special).-The window glass workers of this city are pleased over the detention at Castle Garden of the four foreign glass blowers, sup posed to have been imported under contract for the Kent, Ohio, non-union factory. The Window Glass Workers' Association, which originated the foreign contract laber bill, which the last Congress made a law, in order to keep out of this country cheap Belgian window glass blowers has been waiting for an opportunity to test the law. The association is international in character and its agents in Europe keep track of every workman in the window trade. If he leaves the country they learn whither he is bound, and, if to America, whether he comes under contract or not. The window glass worker, from whom the above information was received, says that the association was informed some time ago by cable that Day, Williams & Co., of Kent, Ohlo, had contracted with a Williams & Co., of Kent, Ohio, had contracted with a number of workmen and would bring them here. He said that Day, Williams & Co., have the only non-union window glass house in America and that they have been compelled to get what workmen they can secure from abroad, as there are no non-union window blowers in the country. The Window Glass Workers' Association is knewn as Local Usion, No. 300, Knights of Labor, which accounts for the statement that the men are detained in New-York by the Knights of Labor. "When it was learned here that the importation of this cheap labor was intended," said a worker. "a committee was appointed to watch all the vessels and inspect the pasengers on their arrival. Money has been raised and legal talent engaged and the union proposes to push the case with the intention of putting an end to this importation. The law is all on our side, and the captain of the vessel which brought them over is liable to a heavy fine as well as the firm which imports them."

MURDERS REVEALED BY A SUICIDE. DAYTON, Ohio, April 18 (Special).-Charles Bieler, a Frenchman, age forty, who has been in jail for six weeks, was found in his cell dead. He had hung himself with the sheet of his cot. His death has brought to light a series of crimes in his family which is almost incredible. He came here six months ago in search o his father who lived here and was a practising physician some years ago. He was finally sent to the penitentiary some years ago. He was finally sent to the peultentiary for stealing and committed suicide there in precisely the same way that his son did here. The latter told the sheriff that his grandfather murdered a man in France and committed suicide in prison; that his father murdered his wife and was sentenced to life imprisonment, but killed two guards and escaped to Algeria, where he joined the army and murdered an officer; and then deserting, came to America, where he practised his profession, finally marrying a reputable woman in Chreinnati and removing to Dayton. Since this story has come to light through Eleler's suicide, it is remembered that at the time of the death of Dr. Bleler's wife there were suspicious that he had murdered ser.

NEW-JERSEY AND DELAWARE FISHERIES.

TRENTON, April 18 (Special).-Attorney-General Stockton has given his opinion to the Governor relative to the war between South New-Jersey and Dela ware fishermen to the effect that New-Jersey has jurisdiction over half the waters of the Delaware River and Delaware Bay and that the injunction of the United States Supreme Court is still binding. The Attorney-General saw the Secretary of State in Washington recent-ly and that gentleman who was council for the Delaware party in the suit, admits that the injunction is still in force. He says he will advise the appointment of other counsel in his place and the speedy adjudication of the

FINDING HIS WIFE MARRIED TO ANOTHER MAN. Youngstown, Ohio, April 18 (Special),-John Lewis, fermerly a well-known citizen of Niles, Ohio, left wife and family of four children four years ago. The ruant husband, after roaming through different States, ettled in California. As no word was received from him t was gradually accepted that he was dead. A year ago Mrs. Lewis was married to William Jose, who has sup-ported her and her children since. They have seemed to live comfortably together, and the unexpected return of the long-tost husband to-day places all concerned in a rather peculiar position.

RICHMOND, Va., April 18 (Special) .- Ten years ago Hartweil Flippin went south and married a well-sdu-cated lady of good family and to them were born twohildren. Over a year ago Flippin returned with the | Starin. children from Texas to Cumberland County, his native broken hearted woman made every exertion to learn where hereddidren were, and finally heard officem. She at once went to Virginia and secured her little girl, ind-ing her at school. She will appeal to law to get the other child. place, leaving his wife from some cause. The almost

SUPPORTING PROHIBITION IN 10WA.

Sioux City, Iowa, April 18 .- In opposition to the petition of the business men of Sioux City against the strict enforcement of the prohibitory liquor law, the adies of Sioux City, to the number of nearly 600, have united in a protest against the toleration of open saloons. Nearly all the leading ladies of the city have signed the protest. The business men's petition claimed to represent \$10,000,000. The ladies say their protest represents nearly 500 husbands and fathers and more than 1,000

GONE WITH THE COACHMAN. St. Louis, April 18.-Dr. J. J. Steinreide, of Memphis, was here to day in search of his wife who left Memphis some days ago in company with a mulatto coachman named John Irwin, who had been raised by the doctor's family. The runaways were here, but went away on Thursday night for Springfield, III. Dr. Stein-reide says that his wife is suffering from mental halluci-nation, and that he will forgive her and take her back.

NEGROES ROBBING A POST OFFICE. DARLINGTON, S. C., April 18 (Special) .- A gain of five negro burgiars broke into the post office at this place on Thursday night and robbed the safe, which had inadvertently been left unlocked, of \$5.00. The thieves were captured this morning at Florence. Sev-enty-five dollars of the money was recovered.

VALUE OF AN OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING. PHILADELPHIA, April 18 .- The board appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury to make a proper vaulation at which the old post office building in this city should be sold, has concluded its labors. An officer of the Post Office Department said officially that the valuation agreed upon was \$250,000, and that that was the minimum sum at which the building would be sold.

DRMANDS OF IRON AND STEEL WORKERS. PITTSBURG, April 18 (Special) .- The convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers has been in session here to-day. At 11 p. m. the vice-president, Mr. Keeny, left the closely-guarded room in which the convention is held and stated that it had been decided to demand last year's scale.

RENEWING SLAVERY IN GEORGIA. WASHINGTON, Ga., April 18 (Special).-A negro laborer who had left his employer in Lincoln County was caught by Peter Dill and George Kennedy They tied him and beat him until he fell in unconscious-ness. He died a few hours later.

INHERITING A LARGE FORTUNE. LEXINGTON, Ky., April 18.-Mrs. Henrietta Morgan, of this city, inherits \$1,000,000 by the death of April 12. The Baroness was born here, and is the daughter of Colonel James Strother. Mrs. Morgan, who is her nearest relative, is the mother of General John H. Morgan.

SUDDEN

Pectoral. Rev. W. W. Atwater, Rutland, Vt., writes: "My wife was attacked with a bronchial trouble, which we feared would prove fatal. As physicians failed mer, M. D., Mt. Vernon. Ga., writes: to afford relief, we began giving your medicine. She is now in perfect health, and attributes her recovery to the use of to Ayer's Cher-

ry Pectoral. It is a wonderful remedy." It is pleasant, safe, and sure. For Sale by all Drugelite. Prepared by J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

CHANCES

Colds, causing obstinate and dangerous Of temperature are sudden and extreme diseases of the throat and lungs, may be in our climate, and it is not surprising relieved and cured by Ayer's Cherry that Colds, Coughs, and Lung Diseases

Ayer's Cher ry Pectoral.